

Contents

Abstract	xiv
1. Introduction	1
2. The Pig	3
2.1. The Wild Boar and the Pig	3
2.1.1. Geographic Distribution, Habitat, and Behaviour	3
2.1.2. Size Variability in Wild Boar	5
2.2. The Domesticated Animal	5
2.2.1. Changes in Domesticated Pigs	6
3. Pig Domestication in Archaeology	9
3.1. The First Domesticated Pig: Research in the Near East	9
3.1.1. Ethnographical Models on Pig Domestication	10
3.1.2. Further studies	12
3.2. Current Perspectives on Pig Domestication in Europe	13
3.2.1. Iberian Peninsula	13
3.2.2. Scandinavia and Northern Germany	13
3.2.3. Britain	16
3.2.4. Italy	17
3.4. Genetic Studies on Pig Domestication	19
3.5. Summary	22
4. A Review of Italian Prehistory	23
4.1. Past Climate and Environment in the Italian Peninsula	23
4.2. Background on Italian Prehistory: From the Upper Palaeolithic to the Bronze Age	25
4.2.1. Upper Palaeolithic (30,000 to 8,000 BCE)	25
4.2.2. Mesolithic (8,000 to 5,000 BCE)	26
4.2.3. Neolithic (6,000 to 3,000 BCE)	27
4.2.3.1. Settlement	28
4.2.3.2. Economy and Subsistence	30
4.2.3.3. Material Culture and Social Organization	31
4.2.4. Eneolithic/Copper Age (3,000 to 2,300 BCE)	31
4.2.5. Bronze Age (2,300 to 900 BCE)	32
4.2.5.1. Settlement	32
4.2.5.2. Economy and Subsistence	35
4.2.5.3. Material Culture and Social Organization	36
5. Methodology	37
5.1. Recording Protocol and Quantification Methods	37
5.2. Ageing and Sexing	37
5.3. Biometry	37
5.4. Statistical analyses	39
6. The Sites	41
6.1. Northern Italy	41
6.1.1. Trentino-South Tyrol and Friuli-Venezia Giulia: Galgenbühel/Dos de la Forca, Pradestel, Riparo Gaban, Romagnano Loc, and Riparo di Biarzo	41
6.1.2. Veneto: Rivoli, Cornuda, Molino Casarotto, and Concordia Sagittaria	47
6.1.3. Lombardy: Lavagnone	49
6.1.4. Liguria: Arene Candide	49
6.2. Central Italy	51
6.2.1. Emilia-Romagna: Poviglio, Solarolo, Riccione-Ipercoop, Cesena, and Cattolica	51

6.2.2. Marche: Conelle and Portonovo.....	52
6.2.3. Tuscany: Gorgo del Ciliegio.....	52
6.2.4. Latium: La Marmotta, Albano Le Macine, Cinquefrondi, Palidoro, and Pantano Borghese.....	53
6.3. Southern Italy.....	54
6.3.1. Apulia: Coppa Nevigata, Grotta Paglicci, Masseria Candelaro, Masseria Fragella, Masseria Pantano, and Grotta Romanelli.....	54
6.3.2. Campania: Baselice, Masseria di Gioia, Santa Maria a' Peccerella, Mulino Sant'Antonio, La Starza, Gricignano, and Grotta della Cala.....	56
6.3.3. Calabria: Grotta della Madonna, Broglio di Trebisacce, Torre Mordillo, and Favella.....	57
6.3.4. Sicily: Grotta dell'Uzzo and Mursia.....	59
7. Results: Pigs in Italy.....	65
7.1. Age Profiles.....	65
7.2. Sex Ratios.....	69
7.3. Biometry.....	71
7.3.1. Scatterplots.....	75
7.3.2. Log ratios.....	93
7.4. Summary and Preliminary Discussion.....	115
7.4.1. Upper Palaeolithic and Mesolithic.....	115
7.4.2. Early and Middle Neolithic.....	115
7.4.3. Late Neolithic, Eneolithic/Copper Age, and Bronze Age.....	117
8. Results: Italy in its Broader Context.....	119
8.1. Biometry of postcranial elements.....	119
8.2. Tooth Biometry.....	126
8.3. Summary and Preliminary Discussion.....	131
9. Discussion.....	139
9.1. Pig Domestication in Italy: The Story So Far.....	139
9.1.1. Upper Palaeolithic and Mesolithic: Wild Boar Hunting in Italy.....	139
9.1.2. Early and Middle Neolithic: Wild Boar Hunting or the Beginning of Pig Domestication?.....	139
9.1.3. Late Neolithic to Late Bronze Age: Consolidation of the Domestic Pig.....	141
9.1.4. A Case in Point: Arene Candide.....	141
9.2. The European and Near Eastern Context of Pig Domestication.....	142
9.2.1. Domestic Pigs in Italy: Introduced or Locally Domesticated?.....	143
9.3. Research Questions Revisited.....	144
10. Conclusions and Future Perspectives.....	147
10.1. Future Perspectives for the Study of Pig Domestication in Italy and Europe.....	147
Appendix 1. Recording protocol.....	149
Appendix 2. NISP tables.....	151
Appendix 3. Summary of biometrical data.....	155
Appendix 4. T-test statistical analyses.....	190
Bibliography.....	198